



New Hosts Added

APHIS started regulating new species, effective August 1, 2006. We learned that *Ceanothus thyrsiflorus*, *Cinnamomum camphora*, *Kalmia angustifolia*, *Nerium oleander*, *Osmanthus fragrans*, *Osmanthus heterophyllus*, and *Quercus acuta* can be infected by *P. ramorum* and need to be regulated in order to control the artificial spread of this disease. These new plant taxa have been added to the “Plants Associated with *Phytophthora ramorum*” list. *Fagus sylvatica*, *Kalmia latifolia*, *Quercus cerris*, and *Salix caprea* have been transferred to the “Proven Hosts Regulated for *Phytophthora ramorum*” list, based on the completion of Koch’s postulates. *Viburnum spp.* is also on the “Proven Hosts Regulated for *Phytophthora ramorum*” list and regulated at the genus level.

Four new hosts are pending addition from finds reported from Canada.

Federal Order, State Inspection, National Survey and Other Finds

Fifty positive sites in nine states have been identified through the Federal Order, State Inspection, National Survey, and/or other finds.

National Nursery Survey

As of the most recent reports, forty-five states have reported National Nursery Survey results; Alaska, Iowa, Missouri, and Puerto Rico are not participating in the National Survey; Wisconsin is looking for *P. ramorum* as part of their regular nursery inspection; Hawaii, Louisiana, Montana and Nebraska have all completed the National Survey; 3,242 nurseries have been visited and 92,275 samples collected. Out of the samples collected, 337 have been confirmed positive.

Forest Detection Survey

The United States Forest Service (USFS) and States are conducting nursery perimeter and general forest detection surveys, as well as a pilot ten state stream survey. As of July 31st, USFS reports 457 nursery perimeter surveys in 25 states with 1129 samples collected. USFS reports 244 general forest surveys have been conducted in 23 states; 511 samples have been collected.